EpiPen® Auto-Injector: The #1 prescribed brand for 25+ years*

Do you know the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis?

**MOUTH**
- Itching
- Swelling of lips and/or tongue

**LUNGS**
- Shortness of breath
- Coughing
- Wheezing

**SKIN**
- Itching
- Redness
- Hives
- Swelling

**THROAT**
- Itching
- Tightness/closure
- Coughing

**HEART**
- Weak pulse
- Passing out
- Dizziness

**STOMACH**
- Vomiting
- Nausea
- Diarrhea
- Cramps

What causes anaphylaxis?
Anaphylaxis can be triggered by a number of allergens, including:

- Peanuts
- Tree nuts
- Milk
- Eggs
- Shellfish
- Fish
- Wheat
- Soy
- Stinging insects
- Medications
- Latex
- Exercise

Life happens. Be prepared.*

Being prepared means having a plan to:
- Avoid known allergens
- Know what symptoms to watch for
- Use an EpiPen® (epinephrine injection, USP) Auto-Injector if a life-threatening allergic reaction occurs
- Get emergency medical help right away

Important safety information
Use EpiPen® (epinephrine injection, USP) 0.3 mg or EpiPen Jr® (epinephrine injection, USP) 0.15 mg Auto-Injectors right away when you have an allergic emergency (anaphylaxis).

Get emergency medical help right away. You may need further medical attention. Only a healthcare professional should give additional doses of epinephrine if you need more than two injections for a single anaphylactic episode. EpiPen® or EpiPen Jr® should only be injected into the middle of your outer thigh (upper leg), through clothing if necessary. Do not inject into your veins, buttocks, fingers, toes, hands or feet. Hold the leg of young children firmly in place before and during injection to prevent injuries. In case of accidental injection, please seek immediate medical treatment.

Rarely, patients who have used EpiPen® or EpiPen Jr® may develop an infection at the injection site within a few days. Some of these infections can be serious. Call your healthcare professional right away if you have any of the following at an injection site: redness that does not go away, swelling, tenderness, or the area feels warm to the touch.

Tell your healthcare professional about all of your medical conditions, especially if you have asthma, a history of depression, thyroid problems, Parkinson's disease, diabetes, high blood pressure or heart problems, or any other medical conditions, are pregnant or plan to become pregnant, or are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. Be sure to also tell your healthcare professional all the medicines you take, especially medications for allergies. If you have any medical conditions, or take certain medicines, your condition may get worse or you may have longer lasting side effects when you use EpiPen® or EpiPen Jr®.

Only a healthcare professional can assess the risk of having a life-threatening allergic reaction (anaphylaxis). This information is provided for your education and is not a substitute for diagnosis by a healthcare professional.

For more information, visit epipen.com.

Important safety information (continued)
Common side effects include fast, irregular or "pounding" heart beat, sweating, nausea or vomiting, breathing problems, pain, dizziness, weakness, shakiness, headaches, feelings of over excitement, nervousness or anxiety. These side effects usually go away quickly if you lie down and rest. Tell your healthcare professional if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

Please see accompanying full prescribing information and Patient Information.

Indications
EpiPen® and EpiPen Jr® Auto-Injectors are for the emergency treatment of life-threatening allergic reactions (anaphylaxis) caused by allergens, exercise, or unknown triggers; and for people who are at increased risk for these reactions. EpiPen® and EpiPen Jr® are intended for immediate administration as emergency supportive therapy only. Seek immediate emergency medical help right away.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

For additional information, please contact us at 800-355-3378.
The epinephrine solution in the clear window of the EpiPen® is a single-use injection. (2)

Selection of the appropriate dosage strength (EpiPen® medical care.

• Instruct patients to inspect the epinephrine solution visually through the clear window of the EpiPen® Auto-Injector before each use. (10.2)

2) Injection into the buttock may not provide adequate vasoconstricting and bronchodilating effects of epinephrine. (5.4)

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• These highlights do not include all the information needed to use EPI-PEN® Injection, 0.3 mg, and EpiPen® Jr Injection, 0.15 mg. (1)

• Intramuscular administration has resulted in cases of gas gangrene. (4.14)

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**EpiPen**

**EpiPen Jr**

**EpiPen Auto-Injector**

**EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** contain epinephrine, a medicine used to treat life-threatening allergic reactions. 

**EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how epinephrine works. For a list of medicines that may affect epinephrine, talk to your healthcare provider.

**EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** are disposable, preloaded auto-injector devices (electrical devices) used to deliver the prescribed dose of epinephrine. **EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** are not to be opened, that is, the carrier tube or auto-injector. If the carrier tube or auto-injector is damaged or has been opened, do not use **EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr**. You may need to use a new **EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** at any time.

**EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** may be disassembled, packed into a special device called the **EpiPen** or **EpiPen Jr** Auto-Injector, and then carried in a pocket or purse, in a bag, or in the glove compartment of a vehicle. **EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** are effective when they are used correctly. You should carry one or more **EpiPen** and **EpiPen Jr** to ensure that you can get the prescribed dose of epinephrine when you need it. If symptoms continue or recur, only a healthcare provider should give additional doses of epinephrine.

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